



RADLEY

Entrance Scholarships

**MATHEMATICS I**

March 2017

Time allowed – 1 hour

You may try the questions in any order

No calculating aids may be used

**Show all working**

1 a. Work out exactly

i.  $40.7 \times 82.6$  (3 marks)

ii.  $279.801 \div 0.43$  (3 marks)

b. Give the answers to the following as fractions in their simplest form

i.  $\frac{37}{56} - \frac{2}{7}$  (3 marks)

ii.  $6\frac{1}{9} \times 7\frac{1}{5}$  (3 marks)

iii.  $(7\frac{3}{4} + 2\frac{2}{3}) \div 1\frac{7}{18}$  (4 marks)

2 Work out as simply as possible

a.  $817^2 - 183^2$  (4 marks)

b.  $(96 \times 23) - (23 \times 19) + 23^2$  (4 marks)

c.  $(56 \times 23) + (44 \times 27) - (71 \times 44) + (33 \times 56)$  (4 marks)

d.  $\frac{(629 \times 371) + 371^2}{80 \times 3.71}$  (5 marks)

3 a. Multiply out and simplify

i.  $(3a - b)^2$  (3 marks)

ii.  $(x + 2y)(4x^2 - 8xy + 16y^2)$  (3 marks)

b. Factorise fully

i.  $35x^3y^3 - 14xy^4$  (3 marks)

ii.  $32a^2 - 18b^2$  (3 marks)

iii.  $x^2 - 5x - 24$  (3 marks)

c. Simplify

i.  $\frac{8x^3}{40x^4 - 24x^2}$  (3 marks)

ii.  $\frac{x^4}{y^2} \div x^2y^2$  (3 marks)

4 Solve each of these equations for  $x$

a.  $3(5x - 8) + 7(x - 4) = 14$  (3 marks)

b.  $\frac{4x + 5}{3} - \frac{3x - 2}{7} = 11$  (4 marks)

c.  $(x + 6)^2 - (x - 1)(x + 5) = 81$  (5 marks)

Rearrange the following formula to make  $x$  the subject

d.  $\frac{a}{x + b} = \frac{c}{x + d}$  (4 marks)

5 Solve each of these pairs of equations for  $x$  and  $y$

a. 
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2x + 5y = 37 \\ 7x + 3y = 57 \end{array} \right\} \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

b. 
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{3}{4}y = 13 \\ \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{2}{3}y = 13 \end{array} \right\} \quad (6 \text{ marks})$$

6. Solve each of these equations for  $x$

a.  $x^2 - 17x + 72 = 0$  (4 marks)

b.  $3x^2 - 5x - 12 = 0$  (6 marks)

c.  $\frac{18}{x-4} - \frac{9}{x+2} = 5$  (8 marks)

**Total 100 marks**