1. The table shows some properties of three substances at room temperature.

Substance	Colour	State
Α	Silvery	Solid
В	White	Solid
С	Green	Gas

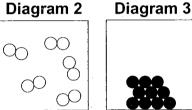
(a)	Substance A reacts with substance C to make	e one	product,	which is
	substance B.			

Give one piece of evidence from the table that suggests that a chemical reaction has occurred.

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(b) The diagrams below represent the arrangements of the particles in substances **A**, **B** and **C**.

Diagram 1 Diag



- (i) Which diagram represents substance C?
- (ii) Which diagram represents the product of the reaction between A and C?
- (c) 2.3 g of substance **A** reacts with substance **C** to make 5.9 g of substance **B**. What mass of substance **C** reacted?

 grams

(4 marks)

- 2. Complete these word equations:
 - (a) Magnesium + oxygen → _____
 - (b) Iron + sulphur → _____
 - (c) Magnesium + copper sulphate → _____ + _____

(4 marks)

3. Four metals were added to cold water and to dilute hydrochloric acid. The results are shown in the table below.

metal	with dilute hydrochloric acid	with cold water
nickel	some bubbles of gas form if the acid is warm	no reaction
potassium	(cannot be done safely)	floats, then melts, a flame appears, and sometimes there's an explosion
platinum	no reaction	no reaction
zinc	bubbles of gas form and metal dissolves slowly	no reaction

(a)	Write the names of the four metals in order	e the names of the four metals in order of reactivity.		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(most reactive)		
		. (least reactive)		
/b\ /i	i) Name another metal, that is not in the table	<u>.</u>		
(a) (which reacts in a similar way to potassium.	••		
(1	ii) What is the gas which is formed when zinc reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid?			
(1	ii) How would you test for the gas mentioned in b(ii)?			
		(6 marks)		

(c)	(c) Two test-tubes have been set up as shown in the diagram below.				
	Test-Tube 1 platinum chloride solution zinc potassium chloride solution zinc				
	Nothing happened in Test-Tube 2. In Test-Tube 1, the zinc was gradually covered with a grey deposit.				
(i	What was the grey deposit that formed in Test-Tube 1?				
(ii)	(ii) Why did no reaction take place in Test-Tube 2?				
	(2 marks)				
. Far	mers add an alkali called calcium oxide to soils that are too acidic.				
.(a)	(a) Give the name of the type of reaction that occurs between calcium oxide and acids in the soil.				
(b)	What happens to the soil pH when the farmer adds calcium oxide? Tick one box.				
.,	pH goes down pH stays the same pH goes up				
(c)	Complete the word equation below.				
	calcium oxide + \longrightarrow calcium sulphate + water				
	(3 marks)				

5. Professor Cryer is investigating reactions of copper oxide. Here is his description of what he did.

Use this information to answer these questions:

I heated some dilute sulphuric acid in a beaker. Whilst stirring, I added copper oxide to it until no more would react. The mixture became a clear blue colour. I then filtered the mixture into a dish. A black solid was left on the filter paper. After a week, the liquid had gone and blue crystals were left.

(a) (i) What is the black solid left on the filter paper?
(ii) What is the blue solution in the beaker?
(b) Complete the word equation for the reaction which took place in the beaker
+ → + water
(c) Why did Professor Cryer need to filter the mixture?

(4 marks)

oxygen		carbon dioxid	de	sulphur dioxide	
		copper oxide		carbon monoxide	
		nitrogen	carbon	Carbottmonoxide	
(a)	Name three	elements from th	e words above:		
	1				
	2				
	3				
(b)	Name one	compound from th	e words above:		
(c)	Give the two elements.	compounds which	ch are both form	ed from the same two	
	1				
	2				
(d)	Give the cor	mpound which tra	ps heat to create	the 'greenhouse effect'.	
				(7 marks) (Total 30 marks)	

Look at the following list of words:

6.