Name:	Prep School:
Chemistry	4 Questions [33 marks]

1.



Fig. 1

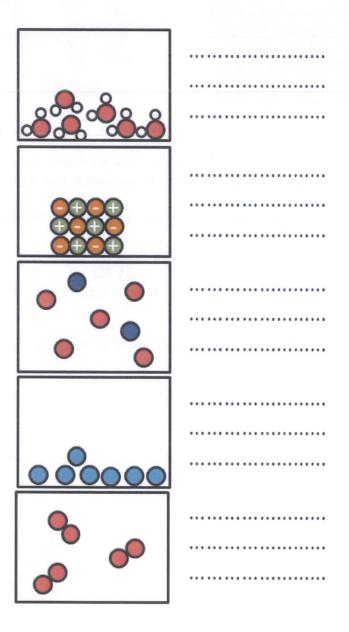
a.	This hot cup of tea can dissolve up to 12 5g sugar lumps. The cup is full and has a volume of 120ml. What is the solubility of the sugar in g per ml?						
		••••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
	•••••	•••••	••••••				 [2]
b.	What is the na	me given to t	the sugar in	this mixture	Ring one wo	ord:	
	Solve	ent So	lute	Solution	Solvay	Solvate	
							[1]
c.	The cup of sug filter paper wa mass of sugar	s dried and 1	0g of sugar	was found to	be present or	nd then filtered.	The
	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		 [1]
d.	What does this	s tell you abo	ut the solub	ility of sugar	with tempera	ture?	
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*************				 [1]
e.	What word bes	st describes h	ow sugar p	articles disso	lve in the tea?	Ring one word.	
	Diffuse	Suffuse	Evaporat	e	Melt	React	
				•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
							[1]

1

2.

Next to each of the following diagrams **write 3 words** that best describe the contents. You can chose from the following (words may be used more than once).

Liquid Solid Compound Molecule Salt Element H_2O Oxygen Atom Argon Ionic Mixture



[15]

Turn Over

Radley College Chemistry Scholarship, 2014

3.



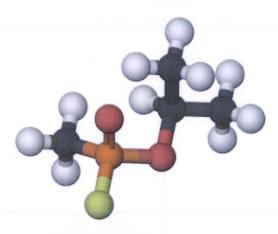


Fig. 2

Fig. 3

During World War I chlorine gas was used to kill and maim soldiers, see *Fig 2*. When chlorine dissolves in moisture in the lungs it forms hypochlorous and hydrochloric acids.

a. Fill in the blanks to balance the following chemical equation showing the formation of these acids.

b. What colour do you think blue litmus paper would go if placed in some water in which chlorine had been dissolved?

[2]

These days chemical weapons are even more horrible. *Fig. 3*, shows the structure of the nerve agent *Sarin*. The coloured balls represent atoms.

Colour of Ball	Atom Symbol
Black	C
White	Н
Pale Green	F
Orange	P
Red	0

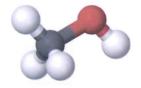


Table 1

Fig. 4

The chemical formula of a compound can be written using chemical symbols and **subscript numbers** representing the number of each atom. Conventionally, carbon is written first; then hydrogen; then any other atoms **in alphabetical order**.

3

Fig. 4 shows the compound methanol. Applying these rules and using Table 1, methanol has the formula CH₄O. ie 1 carbon, 4 hydrogens and 1 oxygen.

Using <i>Table 1</i> and these rules write the chemical formula of <i>Sarin</i> .
[4]

4.

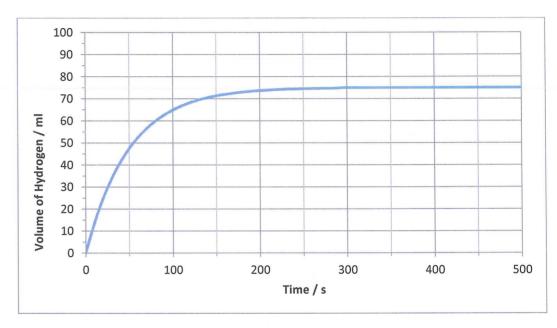


Fig. 5

When magnesium is added to hydrochloric acid hydrogen gas is produced. *Fig. 5* shows the volume of hydrogen gas produced with time when 50g of **powdered** magnesium is added to an **excess** of hydrochloric acid.

1.	After how many seconds had the magnesium powder run out?	
		[1]
) .	What is the maximum volume of hydrogen produced in ml?	
		[1]

f. Draw a line on *Fig. 5* to show how hydrogen is produced when **25g** of magnesium **lumps** are added to excess hydrochloric acid.

[2]

END

4