Name___

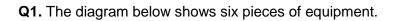
Aldenham School

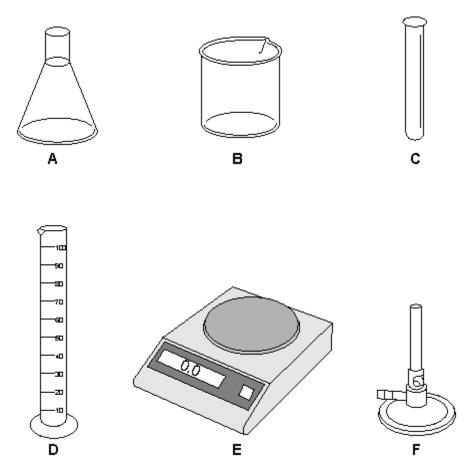


Science Department 13+ Exam - Chemistry SAMPLE PAPER

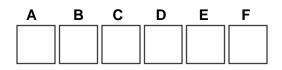
20 Minutes

25 Marks



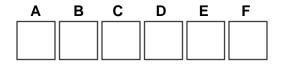


- (a) Linda investigates how quickly sugar dissolves in water.
 - (i) Which piece of equipment does she use to weigh 5 g of sugar? Tick the correct box.

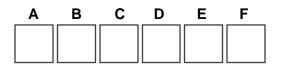


1 mark

(ii) Which piece of equipment does she use to measure out 90 cm³ of water? Tick the correct box.

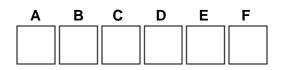


- (b) Linda heats the water in a beaker.
 - (i) Which piece of equipment shown is a beaker? Tick the correct box.

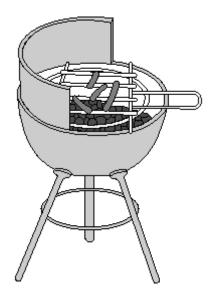


1 mark

(ii) Which piece of equipment shown is used to heat water? Tick the correct box.

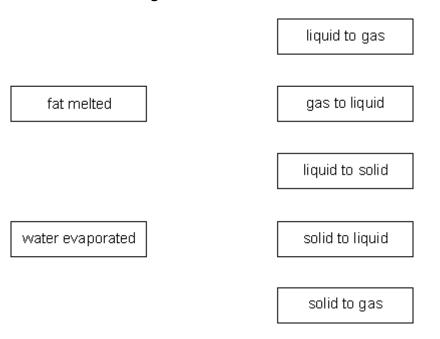


Q2. Susie cooked sausages on a barbecue.



(a) Fat and water in the sausages changed state.

Draw **one** line from each statement to the correct change of state. Draw only **two** lines.

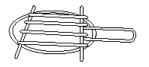


statement change of state

2 marks

- (b) Susie uses charcoal as the fuel for the barbecue.
 - (i) Which statement is true about all fuels? Tick the correct box. All fuels are All fuels are black. sources of energy. All fuels are made All fuels are solid. from wood. 1 mark (ii) Which gas in the air is needed for fuels to burn? Tick the correct box. water vapour oxygen nitrogen carbon dioxide 1 mark

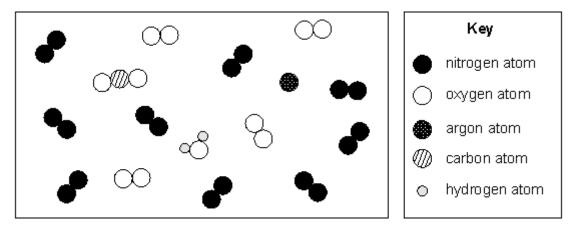
(c) The metal grill of the barbecue is made of steel.



Six properties of steel are given below.

| Which properties are needed Tick two correct boxes. | ed for the meta | al grill? | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| It conducts electricity. | | It is rigid. | |
| It has a very high melting point. | | It is magnetic. | |
| It is shiny. | | It rusts. | |

2 marks



Q3. The diagram below represents the particles found in air.

(a) Complete the following table. Use the diagram and key above to help you.

| name | symbol | chemical formula |
|----------|--------|------------------|
| argon | • | Ar |
| nitrogen | •• | |
| oxygen | | O ₂ |
| | ංර | |

3 marks

1 mark

(b) Air is a **gas** at room temperature.

What evidence in the diagram above shows this?

.....

(c) A sample of air in a balloon is cooled.

Complete the sentences below using words from the box. You may use each word more than once.

| Increases | decreases | stay the same |
|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| | | |
| | | |

When the air is cooled, the volume of the air and

the mass of the air

When the air is cooled, the density of the air

(d) In 1902, the scientist Carl von Linde cooled air to produce liquid oxygen.

The table below shows the melting points and boiling points of four substances that are found in air.

| substance | melting point (°C) | boiling point (°C) |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|
| argon | -189 | -186 |
| oxygen | -218 | -183 |
| nitrogen | -210 | -196 |
| water | 0 | 100 |

Before Linde, scientists tried to produce **liquid air** by cooling it to –190°C. Give a reason why liquid air was not produced.

.....

Q4

Galena is an ore of lead. Deposits of galena often contain all of the minerals listed in the table below.

| mineral | formula |
|-------------|---------|
| galena | PbS |
| calcite | CaCO₃ |
| fluorite | CaF₂ |
| zinc blende | ZnS |

(a) Give the chemical names of galena and fluorite.

Galena

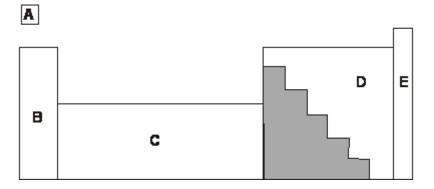
fluorite

2 marks

(ii) The lead oxide is then heated with carbon in a displacement reaction in furnace. Write a word equation for the reaction.

.....

Q5. (a) The diagram below shows part of the periodic table of elements.



The shaded area contains **only** metal elements.

Two other areas also contain **only** metal elements.

Which areas contain only metal elements? Tick the **two** correct boxes.

| A | в | с | D | E | |
|---|---|---|---|---|--------|
| | | | | | 1 mark |

(b) Copper is a metal.

At room temperature copper is a strong solid. Give **two** other properties of copper that show it is a metal.

| 1 | 1 mark |
|---|--------|
| 2 | 1 mark |

(c) When copper metal is heated it reacts with a gas in air.



What is the chemical name of the product formed when copper reacts with a gas in air?

.....

(d) Which statement below describes what happens in a **chemical change** but **not** in a physical change?

Tick the correct box.

The product is a solid.

The change only happens at a high temperature.

The atoms have combined in a different way to make a new substance.

The types of atoms at the start are the same as in the end product.

| | ٦ |
|--|---|
| | I |
| | I |